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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/560,902	04/05/2006	Holger von Stenzel	KURARAY-11	2426	
Millen White Zelano & Branigan Arlington Courthouse Plaza 1 Suite 1400 2200 Clarendon Boulevard			EXAMINER		
			HEINCER, LIAM J		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Arlington, VA	Arlington, VA 22201			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/21/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/560,902	STENZEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Liam J. Heincer	1796				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period variety or extended period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 M</u>	arch 2010.					
	action is non-final.					
·—						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>5-10 and 20</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 11-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)⊠ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attech montes						
Attachment(s) 1) \(\sum \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/18/10</u> .	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim 20 has been given the wrong status modifier in the amended claim set. The claim is marked "previously presented" rather than "withdrawn".

Oath/Declaration

The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because: No translation or English text of the oath or declaration has been provided. See 37 C.F.R. 1.69.

The applicant stated in the response that the oath filed on April 5, 2006 is in English. The document on file does not support this statement. (See PAIR or IFW). The document on file contains the signatures of the inventors, and German text which has not been translated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-4 and 11-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heckner et al. (WO 0240578) in view of Papenfuhs et al. (WO 03/020776). Note: A Machine translation is being used for WO 02/0578 and US Patent 7,358,304 is being used as an English language equivalent of WO 03/020776.

Considering Claim 1-4 and 13-17: Heckner et al. teaches a composition comprising a polyvinyl butyrate having butyrate groups/units of acetal I where R¹ is a C₄ alkyl, vinyl alcohol groups and acetate groups (pg. 1), a plasticizer (pg. 2) and a lithium salt/support electrolyte (pg. 2).

Heckner et al. does not teach the polyvinyl butyrate as having a coacetate of the formula II. However, Papenfuhs et al. teaches a polyvinyl butyrate having vinyl alchol units, vinyl acetate units (Example 2), vinyl butyral units/units of acetal I where R¹ is a C₄ alkyl (2:44-49) and units derived from an acid functional aldehyde that is preferably glycolic acid/formula II where R³ is a direct bond (2:40-45). Papenfuhs et al. teaches examples having 1270:1, 127:1, and 63:1 ratios of vinyl butyrate groups to coacetate groups (Examples 2-4). Each example includes 77.5% vinyl butyrate groups with varying coacetate contents. Papenfuhs et al. teaches an example having 77.6% acetal groups, 21.2% vinyl alcohol groups and 1.17 polyvinyl acetate groups (Example 2) and broadly teaches the acetal content as being greater than 50% (2:32-59). Heckner et al. and Papenfuhs et al. are analogous art as they are concerned with the same field of endeavor, namely laminated safety glass comprising polyvinyl butyral. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have used the modified polyvinyl butyral of Papenfuhs et al. in the composition of Heckner et al., and the motivation to do so would have been, as Papenfuhs et al. suggests, to increase the solvent resistance of films made from the composition through crosslinking of the polyvinyl butyral (4:49-53).

Heckner et al. teaches the amount of lithium salt as being 0.01 to 5 mol/l of the softner mixture. "[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation." *In re Aller*, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). See MPEP § 2144.05. As Heckner et al. teaches that the lithium salt provides the ion-conducting properties of the composition, a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention would consider the amount of lithium salt to be a result effective variable (pg. 2). It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have optimized the weight percent of the lithium salt in the composition

through routine experimentation, and the motivation to do so would have been, as Heckner et al. suggests, to increase the ion-conductivity of the foil (pg. 2).

<u>Considering Claims 11 and 12</u>: Heckner et al. teaches the composition as comprising 20 to 45% by weight of the plasticizer, with the balance being the resin (pg. 2).

Considering Claim 18: Heckner et al. teaches the lithium salt as being LiBF₄, Li ClO₄, LiPF₆, LiCF₃SO₃, or LiN(SO₂CF₃)₂ (pg. 2).

Considering Claim 19: Heckner et al. does not teach the plasticizer as being of formula III. However, Papenfuhs et al. teaches the plasticizer as being a diester of diethylene, triethylene or tetraethylene glycol/compounds of formula III where n is 2-4 (3:46-51). It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have used the plasticizer of Papenfuhs et al. in the composition of Heckner et al., and the motivation to do so would have been, as Papenfuhs et al. suggests, it is a well known plasticizer for polyvinyl butyral (3:46-51).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4 and 11-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Liam J. Heincer whose telephone number is 571-270-3297. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 7:30 to 5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Eashoo can be reached on 571-272-1197. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Mark Eashoo/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1796

LJH May 10, 2010